INSTITUTO TECNOLOGICO DE SALINA CRUZ

REDES DE COMPUTADORAS

PRACTICA No.1.

UNIDAD 4.

REALIZADA POR: SANCHEZ SANTIAGO NOE

LUGAR Y FECHA: SALINA CRUZ OAXACA A 12 DE MAYO DE 2015.

DOCENTE: ROMÁN NÁJERA SUSANA MÓNICA.

SEMESTRE Y GRUPO: 6E.

CARRERA: ING. EN TECNOLOGÍAS DE LA INFORMACIÓN Y DE LAS

COMUNICACIONES

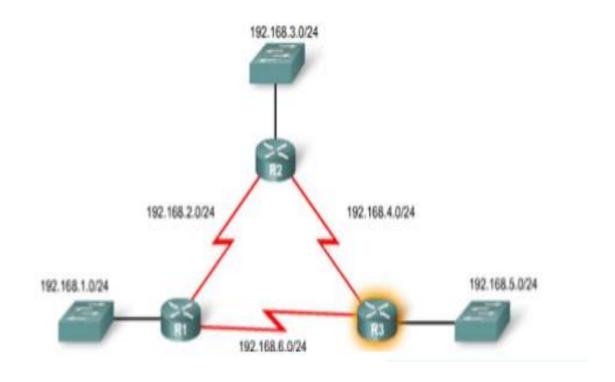
OBJETIVO: se plantea el enfoque en los conceptos protocolos de enrutamiento vector distancia, RIP, VLSM, CIDR y RIPver.2, se inicia con la configuración básica de RIP, direccionamiento con clase y sin clase, VLSM y actividad de resumen de rutas, terminando con configuración de ripV2.

INSTRUCCIONES: a partir de la topología mostrada realizar la tabla de enrutamiento y en base a ello realizar la configuración básica y configuración del protocolo RIP.

MATERIALES:

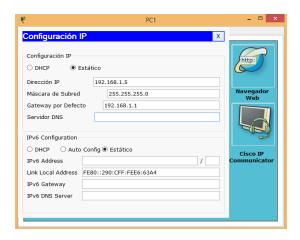
Software packet tracer.

Computadora

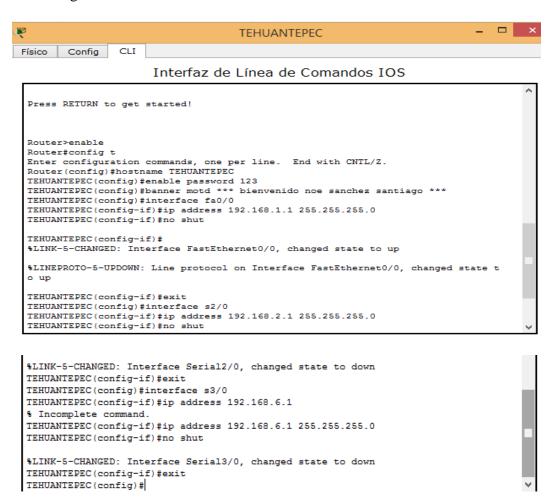


1.- creamos nuestra tabla de ruteo.

	INTERFAZ	DIRECCION IP	MASCARA DE SUBRED	GATEWAY POR DEFECTO
	fa0/0	192.168.1.1	255.255.255.0	n/a
TEHUANTEPEC	S2/0	192.168.2.1	255.255.255.0	n/a
	S3/0	192.168.6.1	255.255.255.0	n/a
JUCHITAN	Fa0/0	192.168.3.1	255.255.255.0	n/a
	S2/0	192.168.2.2	255.255.255.0	n/a
	S3/0	192.168.4.2	255.255.255.0	n/a
SALINA	Fa0/0	192.168.5.1	255.255.255.0	n/a
	S2/0	192.168.4.1	255.255.255.0	n/a
	S3/0	192.168.6.2	255.255.255.0	n/a
Pc1	NIC	192.168.1.5	255.255.0.0	192.168.1.1
Pc2	NIC	192.168.3.5	255.255.255.0	192.168.3.1
Pc3	NIC	192.168.5.5	255.255.255.0	192.168.5.1



2.- Configuración básica de los routers.





Interfaz de Línea de Comandos IOS

```
Router>enable
Router#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config) #hostname JUCHITAN
JUCHITAN(config) #enable password 234
JUCHITAN(config) #banner motd *** hola noe sanchez ***
JUCHITAN(config) #interface fa0/0
JUCHITAN(config-if) #ip address 192.168.3.1 255.255.255.0
JUCHITAN(config-if) #no shut
JUCHITAN (config-if) #
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state t
o up
JUCHITAN(config-if)#exit
JUCHITAN(config) #interface s2/0
JUCHITAN(config-if) #ip address 192.168.2.2 255.255.255.0
JUCHITAN (config-if) #no shut
JUCHITAN (config-if) #
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial2/0, changed state to up
JUCHITAN(config-if)#exit
```

```
JUCHITAN (config) #interface s3/0

JUCHITAN (config-if) #ip address 192.168.4.2 255.255.255.0

JUCHITAN (config-if) #no shut

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial3/0, changed state to down

JUCHITAN (config-if) #exit

JUCHITAN (config) #
```



Interfaz de Línea de Comandos IOS

```
Router>enable
Router#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config) #hostname SALINA
SALINA(config) #enable password 345
SALINA(config) #banner motd *** bienvenido noe sanchez santiago ***
SALINA(config)#interface fa0/0
SALINA(config-if) #ip address 192.168.5.1 255.255.255.0
SALINA(config-if) #no shut
SALINA(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state t
o up
exit
SALINA(config)#interface s2/0
SALINA(config-if) #ip address 192.168.4.1 255.255.255.0
SALINA(config-if) #no shut
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial2/0, changed state to up
SALINA(config-if) #exit
```

```
SALINA(config) #interface s3/0
SALINA(config-if) #ip address 192.168.6.2 255.255.255.0
SALINA(config-if) # no shut

SALINA(config-if) #
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial3/0, changed state to up

SALINA(config-if) # exit
```

3.- verificamos que todas las interfaces estén activas con el comando "show interface brief".

Interfaz de Línea de Comandos IOS %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial3/0, changed state to up TEHUANTEPEC>enable Password: TEHUANTEPEC#show interface brief % Invalid input detected at '^' marker. TEHUANTEPEC#show ip interface brief Interface IP-Address OK? Method Status Protocol FastEthernet0/0 192.168.1.1 YES manual up FastEthernet1/0 unassigned YES unset administratively down down 192.168.2.1 YES manual up Serial2/0 Serial3/0 192.168.6.1 YES manual up up FastEthernet4/0 unassigned YES unset administratively down down unassigned YES unset administratively down down FastEthernet5/0

TEHUANTEPEC#

JUCHITAN>enable Password: JUCHITAN#show ip inter Interface		OK?	Method	Status		Protocol	
FastEthernet0/0	192.168.3.1	YES	manual	up		up	
FastEthernet1/0	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively	down	down	
Serial2/0	192.168.2.2	YES	manual	up		up	
Serial3/0	192.168.4.2	YES	manual	up		up	
FastEthernet4/0	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively	down	down	
FastEthernet5/0 JUCHITAN#	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively	down	down	>

SALINA>enable Password: SALINA‡show ip interface brief Interface IP-Address OK? Method Status Protocol							
FastEthernet0/0	192.168.5.1	YES	manual	up		up	
FastEthernet1/0	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively d	lown	down	
Serial2/0	192.168.4.1	YES	manual	up		up	
Serial3/0	192.168.6.2	YES	manual	up		up	
FastEthernet4/0	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively d	lown	down	
FastEthernet5/0 SALINA#	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively d	lown	down	>

4.- configuración del protocolo RIPv1

```
TEHUANTEPEC>enable
Password:
TEHUANTEPEC#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
TEHUANTEPEC(config) #router rip
TEHUANTEPEC(config-router) #network 192.168.1.0
TEHUANTEPEC(config-router) #network 192.168.2.0
TEHUANTEPEC(config-router) #network 192.168.6.0
TEHUANTEPEC(config-router) #end
TEHUANTEPEC#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
TEHUANTEPEC#copy run start
Destination filename [startup-config]?
Building configuration...
[OK]
TEHUANTEPEC#
                                                                    Copiar
                                                                                Pegar
```

```
JUCHITAN>
JUCHITAN>enable
Password:
JUCHITAN#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
JUCHITAN(config) #router rip
JUCHITAN(config-router) #network 192.168.2.0
JUCHITAN(config-router) #network 192.168.3.0
JUCHITAN(config-router) #network 192.168.4.0
JUCHITAN (config-router) #end
JUCHITAN#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
JUCHITAN#copy run start
Destination filename [startup-config]?
Building configuration...
[OK]
JUCHITAN#
```

```
SALINA>enable
Password:
SALINA#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
SALINA(config) #router rip
SALINA(config-router) #network 192.168.5.0
SALINA(config-router) #network 192.168.4.0
SALINA(config-router) #network 192.168.6.0
SALINA(config-router) #end
SALINA#
%SYS-5-CONFIG I: Configured from console by console
SALINA#copy run start
Destination filename [startup-config]?
Building configuration...
[OK]
SALINA#
```

5.- realizamos ping entre la pc y el router.

```
Símbolo del Sistema
Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
PC>ping 192.168.1.1
Pinging 192.168.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time=57ms TTL=255
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=255
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=255
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=255
Ping statistics for 192.168.1.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 57ms, Average = 14ms
PC>ping 192.168.3.1
Pinging 192.168.3.1 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.3.1: bytes=32 time=10ms TTL=254
Reply from 192.168.3.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=254
Reply from 192.168.3.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=254
Reply from 192.168.3.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=254
```

```
Ping statistics for 192.168.3.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 10ms, Average = 3ms

PC>ping 192.168.5.1

Pinging 192.168.5.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=254
Reply from 192.168.5.1: bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=254
Reply from 192.168.5.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=254
Reply from 192.168.5.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=254
Reply from 192.168.5.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=254

Ping statistics for 192.168.5.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 8ms, Average = 2ms

PC>
```

```
Símbolo del Sistema
                                                                                  Χ
Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
PC>ping 192.168.3.1
Pinging 192.168.3.1 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.3.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=255
Reply from 192.168.3.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=255
Reply from 192.168.3.1: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=255
Reply from 192.168.3.1: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=255
Ping statistics for 192.168.3.1:
   Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms
PC>ping 192.168.1.1
Pinging 192.168.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=254
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=254
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=254
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=254
```

```
Ping statistics for 192.168.1.1:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 2ms, Average = 1ms

PC>ping 192.168.5.1

Pinging 192.168.5.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.5.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=254

Ping statistics for 192.168.5.1:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms

PC>
```

```
Símbolo del Sistema
Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
PC>ping 192.168.1.1
Pinging 192.168.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=254
Ping statistics for 192.168.1.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms
PC>ping 192.168.3.1
Pinging 192.168.3.1 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.3.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=254
Reply from 192.168.3.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=254
Reply from 192.168.3.1: bytes=32 time=10ms TTL=254
Reply from 192.168.3.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=254
Ping statistics for 192.168.3.1:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
```

```
Ping statistics for 192.168.3.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 10ms, Average = 3ms

PC>ping 192.168.5.1

Pinging 192.168.5.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.5.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=255
Reply from 192.168.5.1: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=255

Ping statistics for 192.168.5.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms
```

6.- verificación y resolución de problemas.

```
SALINA
Físico Config CLI
                                           Interfaz de Línea de Comandos IOS
  %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial3/0, changed state to up
  %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial2/0, changed state to up
  SALINA>show ip route
  SALINA>show up route

Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP

D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area

N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2

E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP

i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area

* - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
               P - periodic downloaded static route
  Gateway of last resort is not set
           192.168.1.0/24 [120/1] via 192.168.6.1, 00:00:07, Serial3/0 192.168.2.0/24 [120/1] via 192.168.6.1, 00:00:07, Serial3/0 [120/1] via 192.168.4.2, 00:00:08, Serial2/0
  R
           192.168.3.0/24 [120/1] via 192.168.4.2, 00:00:08, Serial2/0 192.168.4.0/24 is directly connected, Serial2/0 192.168.5.0/24 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
  С
            192.168.6.0/24 is directly connected, Serial3/0
  SALINA>
```

Uso del show ip protocols

Uso del comando debug ip rip.

Resultado/Conclusión:

Para el desarrollo de esta práctica, lo primero que hicimos fue realizar nuestra tabla de enrutamiento luego realizamos la configuración básica como asignación de nombre contraseña y banner a cada router que tenemos en nuestra topología, una vez terminado lo anterior, corresponde el levantamiento de puertos y seriales considerando nuestra tabla de ruteo, después de esta acción podemos visualizar lo que hemos levantado con el comando "show ip route" posteriormente hacemos la configuración del protocolo a implementar en el router en esta ocasión se realizó del protocolo RIPv1 protocolo de enrutamiento con clase al termino podemos hacer ping de una maquina a cualquier router para visualizar si nuestra configuración tiene éxito. g